

MPRI 2-7-1

week 4 - Oct. 8<sup>th</sup>

Dependent Types

# Adding sum and product types to $\lambda \rightarrow$

$T ::= a \mid T \rightarrow T \mid T \times T \mid T + T$

$t ::= x \mid \lambda x.t \mid t t \mid (t, t) \mid \pi_1(t) \mid \pi_2(t) \mid i(t) \mid j(t) \mid \delta(t, x.t, x.t)$

$\lambda x.t u \triangleright_{\beta} t[x \setminus u]$

$\pi_1(t, u) \triangleright_{\beta} t$

$\pi_2(t, u) \triangleright_{\beta} u$

$$\frac{\vdash t : A \quad \vdash u : B}{\vdash (t, u) : A \times B}$$
$$\frac{\vdash t : A \times B}{\vdash \pi_1(t) : A}$$
$$\frac{\vdash t : A \times B}{\vdash \pi_2(t) : B}$$

# Adding sum and product types to $\lambda \rightarrow$ (2)

$$T ::= a \mid T \rightarrow T \mid T \times T \mid T + T$$

$$t ::= x \mid \lambda x.t \mid tt \mid (t, t) \mid \pi_1(t) \mid \pi_2(t) \mid i(t) \mid j(t) \mid \delta(t, x.t, x.t)$$

$$\lambda x.t \ u \ \triangleright_{\beta} \ t[x \setminus u]$$

$$\pi_1(t, u) \ \triangleright_{\beta} \ t$$

$$\pi_2(t, u) \ \triangleright_{\beta} \ u$$

$$\delta(i(t), x^A.u, y^B.v) \ \triangleright_{\beta} \ u[x^A \setminus t]$$

$$\delta(j(t), x^A.u, y^B.v) \ \triangleright_{\beta} \ v[y^B \setminus t]$$

$$\frac{\vdash t : A}{\vdash i(t) : A + B}$$

$$\frac{\vdash u : B}{\vdash j(u) : A + B}$$

$$\frac{\vdash t : A + B \quad \vdash u : C \quad \vdash v : C}{\vdash \delta(t, x^A.u, y^B.v) : C}$$

# Normalization of $\lambda \rightarrow x +$

$$|A \times B| \equiv \{ t \in SN \mid t \triangleright^* (u, v) \Rightarrow u \in |A| \wedge v \in |B| \}$$

$$|A + B| \equiv \{ t \in SN \mid (t \triangleright^* i(u) \Rightarrow u \in |A|) \wedge (t \triangleright^* j(v) \Rightarrow v \in |B|) \}$$

$\mathcal{N}$  = terms which are not of the form:  $\lambda x.t$ ,  $(u,v)$ ,  $i(u)$  or  $j(v)$

In general, the metatheory follows the same schemes: inversion lemmas, type inference, subject reduction, normalization...

# Time to switch to contexts for typing

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{}{\Gamma \vdash x : A} \text{ if } (x:A) \in \Gamma \\
 \frac{\Gamma (x : A) \vdash t : B}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x:A. t : A \rightarrow B} \\
 \frac{\Gamma \vdash t : A \rightarrow B \quad \Gamma \vdash u : A}{\Gamma \vdash t u : B} \\
 \frac{\Gamma \vdash t : A \times B}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_1(t) : A} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash t : A \times B}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_2(t) : B} \\
 \frac{\Gamma \vdash t : A + B \quad \Gamma(x:A) \vdash u:C \quad \Gamma(y:B) \vdash v:C}{\Gamma \vdash \delta(t, x.u, y.v) : C} \\
 \frac{\Gamma \vdash t : A \quad \Gamma \vdash u : B}{\Gamma \vdash (t,u) : A \times B} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash t : A}{\Gamma \vdash i_B(t) : A + B} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash u : B}{\Gamma \vdash j_A(t) : A + B}
 \end{array}$$

Annotations to keep type uniqueness / type inference

A (canonical)  
proof of...

... is:

- ▶  $A \wedge B$        $(a, b)$  where  $a$  is a proof of  $A$ ,  $b$  a proof of  $B$
- ▶  $A \vee B$        $(\varepsilon, c)$  with  $\varepsilon=0$  and  $c$  proof of  $A$  or  $\varepsilon=1$  and  $c$  proof of  $B$
- ▶  $A \Rightarrow B$        $f$ , with  $f(a)$  proof of  $B$  for any proof  $a$  of  $A$
- ▶  $\forall x . A$        $f$ , with  $f(t) : A[x \setminus t]$  for any object  $t$
- ▶  $\exists x . A$        $(t, a)$  with  $a$  a proof of  $A[x \setminus t]$

A (canonical)  
proof of...

... is:

- ▶  $A \wedge B$        $(a, b)$  where  $a : A, b : B$
- ▶  $A \vee B$        $(\varepsilon, c)$  with  $\varepsilon=0$  and  $c : A$  or  $\varepsilon=1$  and  $c : B$
- ▶  $A \Rightarrow B$        $f$ , with  $f(a) : B$  for any  $a : A$
- ▶  $\forall x . A$        $f$ , with  $f(t) : A[x \setminus t]$  for any object  $t$
- ▶  $\exists x . A$        $(t, a)$  with  $a : A[x \setminus t]$

$$\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash x : A} \text{ if } (x:A) \in \Gamma$$

$$\frac{\Gamma (x : A) \vdash t : B}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x:A. t : A \rightarrow B}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t : A \rightarrow B \quad \Gamma \vdash u : A}{\Gamma \vdash tu : B}$$

Axiom  $\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash x : A} \text{ if } (x:A) \in \Gamma$

$$\Rightarrow -i \quad \frac{\Gamma (x : A) \vdash t : B}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x:A. t : A \Rightarrow B}$$

$$\Rightarrow -e \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash t : A \Rightarrow B \quad \Gamma \vdash u : A}{\Gamma \vdash tu : B}$$



$$\begin{array}{c} \boxed{\text{wf}} \\ \frac{\Gamma \vdash T : s}{\Gamma (x:T) \text{ wf}} \quad \frac{\Gamma \text{ wf}}{\Gamma \vdash x : T} \quad \frac{\Gamma \text{ wf}}{\Gamma \vdash \text{Type} : \text{Kind}} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A : \text{Type} \quad \Gamma (x:A) \vdash B : s}{\Gamma \vdash \Pi x : A . B : s}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t : A \quad \Gamma \vdash A : s}{\Gamma \vdash t : B} A =_{\beta} B$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Pi x : A . B : \text{Type} \quad \Gamma(x:A) \vdash t : B}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x : A . t : \Pi x : A . B}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t : \Pi x : A . B \quad \Gamma \vdash u : A}{\Gamma \vdash (t u) : B [x \setminus u]}$$

No unicity of typing ! (modulo only beta-conversion)

$$1. \Gamma \Delta \text{ wf} \Rightarrow \Gamma \text{ wf} \quad \text{and} \quad \Gamma \vdash t:T \Rightarrow \Gamma \Delta \vdash t:T$$

$$2. \Gamma(x:T)\Delta \vdash u:U \wedge \Gamma \vdash t:T \Rightarrow \Gamma \Delta[x \setminus t] \vdash u[x \setminus t] : U[x \setminus t]$$

$$\text{and} \quad \Gamma(x:T)\Delta \text{ wf} \wedge \Gamma \vdash t:T \Rightarrow \Gamma \Delta[x \setminus t] \text{ wf}$$

3. Inversion lemma :

$$\blacktriangleright \text{If } \Gamma \vdash x : T \text{ then } (x:T') \in \Gamma, T =_{\beta} T' \text{ and } \Gamma \vdash T' : s$$

$$\blacktriangleright \text{If } \Gamma \vdash \lambda x:A.t : B \text{ then } B =_{\beta} \Pi x:A.C \text{ and } \Gamma(x:A) \vdash t : C$$

$$\blacktriangleright \text{If } \Gamma \vdash (t \ u) : C \text{ then } \Gamma \vdash t : \Pi x:A.B \ \Gamma \vdash u : A \text{ and } C =_{\beta} B[x \setminus u]$$

$$\blacktriangleright \text{If } \Gamma \vdash \Pi x:A.B : T \text{ then } \Gamma \vdash A : \text{Type}, \Gamma(x:A) \vdash B : s \text{ and } T =_s$$

$$\text{If } \Gamma \vdash t : T \text{ and } \Gamma \vdash t : U \text{ then } T =_{\beta} U$$

# Adding disjoint sum types

$$t ::= x \mid \lambda x : t . t \mid (t \ t) \mid \Pi x : t . t \mid t + t \mid \underset{t}{i}(t) \mid \underset{t}{j}(t) \mid \delta(t, t, t)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A : \text{Type} \quad \Gamma \vdash B : \text{Type}}{\Gamma \vdash A+B : \text{Type}}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A+B : \text{Type} \quad \Gamma \vdash t : A}{\Gamma \vdash \underset{B}{i}(t) : A+B}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A+B : \text{Type} \quad \Gamma \vdash t : B}{\Gamma \vdash \underset{A}{j}(t) : A+B}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t : A+B \quad \Gamma \vdash C : \text{Type} \quad \Gamma \vdash u : A \rightarrow C \quad \Gamma \vdash v : B \rightarrow C}{\Gamma \vdash \delta(t, u, v) : C}$$

for decidability of type checking / inference

$$t ::= x \mid \lambda x : t . t \mid (t \ t) \mid \Pi x : t . t \mid t + t \mid i(t) \mid j(t) \mid \delta(t, t, t)$$

$$\mid \Sigma x : t . t \mid \underbrace{(t, t)}_{\Sigma x : t . t} \mid \pi_1(t) \mid \pi_2(t)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A : \text{Type} \quad \Gamma(x:A) \vdash B : \text{Type}}{\Gamma \vdash \Sigma x : A . B : \text{Type}}$$

$\Sigma x : A . B$  written  $A \times B$   
when  $x \notin FV(B)$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Sigma x : A . B : \text{Type} \quad \Gamma \vdash t : A \quad \Gamma \vdash u : B[x \setminus t]}{\Gamma \vdash \underbrace{(t, u)}_{\Sigma x : A . B} : \Sigma x : A . B}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t : \Sigma x : A . B}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_1(t) : A}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t : \Sigma x : A . B}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_2(t) : B[x \setminus \pi_1(t)]}$$

1.  $\Gamma \Delta \text{ wf} \Rightarrow \Gamma \text{ wf}$       and  $\Gamma \vdash t:T \Rightarrow \Gamma \Delta \vdash t:T$
2.  $\Gamma(x:T)\Delta \vdash u:U \wedge \Gamma \vdash t:T \Rightarrow \Gamma \Delta[x \setminus t] \vdash u[x \setminus t] : U[x \setminus t]$   
and  $\Gamma(x:T)\Delta \text{ wf} \wedge \Gamma \vdash t:T \Rightarrow \Gamma \Delta[x \setminus t] \text{ wf}$

### 3. Inversion lemma :

- ▶ If  $\Gamma \vdash x : T$  then  $(x:T') \in \Gamma, T =_{\beta} T'$  and  $\Gamma \vdash T' : s$
- ▶ If  $\Gamma \vdash \lambda x:A.t : B$  then  $B =_{\beta} \Pi x:A.C$  and  $\Gamma(x:A) \vdash t : C$
- ▶ If  $\Gamma \vdash (t u) : C$  then  $\Gamma \vdash t : \Pi x:A.B, \Gamma \vdash u : A$  and  $C =_{\beta} B[x \setminus u]$
- ▶ If  $\Gamma \vdash \Pi x:A.B : T$  then  $\Gamma \vdash A : \text{Type}, \Gamma(x:A) \vdash B : s$  and  $T = s$
- ▶ If  $\Gamma \vdash (t, u)_{\Sigma x:A.B} : C$  then  $\Gamma \vdash t:A, \Gamma \vdash u:B[x \setminus u], C =_{\beta} \Sigma x:A.B$
- ▶ If  $\Gamma \vdash \Sigma x:A.B : T$  then  $\Gamma \vdash A : \text{Type}, \Gamma(x:A) \vdash B : s$  and  $T = \text{Type}$

If  $\Gamma \vdash t : T$  and  $\Gamma \vdash t : U$  then  $T =_{\beta} U$       (same for  $A+B$ )