

MCITYHAL – Repair City Hall

Source : <http://www.spoj.com/problems/MCITYHAL/>

Because of its age, the City Hall has suffered damage to one of its walls. A matrix with M rows and N columns represents the encoded image of that wall, where 1 represents an intact wall and 0 represents a damaged wall (like in Figure-1).

```
1110000111
1100001111
1000000011
1111101111
1110000111
```

Figure-1

To repair the wall, the workers will place some blocks vertically into the damaged area. They can use blocks with a fixed width of 1 and different heights of $\{1, 2, \dots, M\}$.

For a given image of the City Hall's wall, your task is to determine how many blocks of different heights are needed to fill in the damaged area of the wall, and to use the least amount of blocks.

Input

The first line contains a single integer, the number of test cases. Each case starts with a line containing two integers M and N ($1 \leq M, N \leq 200$). Each of the following M lines contains a string with length of N, which consists of "1"s and/or "0"s. These M lines represent the wall.

Output

You should output how many blocks of different heights are needed. Use separate lines of the following format:

k Ck

where $k \in \{1, 2, \dots, M\}$ means the height of the block, and Ck means the amount of blocks of height k that are needed. You should not output the lines where $C_k = 0$. The order of lines is in the ascending order of k.

Input :

```
1
5 10
1110000111
1100001111
1000000011
1111101111
1110000111
```

Output :

17
21
32
51