You must be very familiar with the game "Minesweeper". It is played on an $\mathrm{N}^{*} \mathrm{~N}$ grid, and there are M mines hided in the grid. Your task is to mark the mines' positions without touching them.

If a position containing a mine is touched, you lose the game. If a position not containing a mine is touched, an integer $\mathrm{K}(0 \leq \mathrm{K} \leq 8)$ appears indicating that there are K mines in the eight adjacent positions. If $K=0$, the eight adjacent positions will be touched automatically, new numbers will appear and this process is repeated until no new number is 0 .


Given the distribution of the mines, output the numbers appearing after the player's first touch.

## Input

The first line of each case is two numbers $\mathrm{N}(1 \leq \mathrm{N} \leq 100)$ and $\mathrm{M}\left(0 \leq \mathrm{M} \leq \mathrm{N}^{*} \mathrm{~N}\right)$, indicating the size of the grid and the number of mines. Each of the following M lines contains two numbers Xi and $\mathrm{Yi}(1 \leq \mathrm{Xi}, \mathrm{Yi} \leq \mathrm{N})$ indicating there is a mine in the Xi-th row and Yi-th colomn. You can assume there is at most one mine in one position. The last line of each case is two numbers X and Y , indicating the position of the player's first touch.

The input is terminated by a test case starting with $\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{M}=0$. This test case should not be processed.

## Output

If the player touches the mine, just output "oops!".
If the player doesn't touch the mine, output the numbers appearing after the touch. If a position is touched by the player or by the computer automatically, output the number. If a position is not touched, output a dot '.'.

Output a blank line after each test case.

## Sample Input

15
17
23
25
48
52
77
79
86
92
15
910
15
17
23
25
48
52
77
79
86
92
55
00

## Sample Output

oops!
........
. 12111.
.10001..
. 10001..
1110011..
000012...
11101....
. 101....

